



Annexure A

BY-LAWS

OF THE

SUNSHINE COAST

CHURCHES SOCCER ASSOCIATION

To be read and applied in conjunction with the Policies and Constitution
of the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association

By-laws adopted by Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association 5 February
2024

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CONTENTS

		Page
	FOREWARD, INTRODUCTION, DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION	4
1.	COMPETITION FORMAT	
	1.A Winter Competition	5
	1.B Intra Club Games	6
	1.C Six A Side	6
2.	COMPETITION ADMIN	
	2.A Team Eligibility	7
	2.B Payment of Team Fees	7
	2.C Team Strip	7
	2.D Alterations to Strip	7
	2.E Online Team Sheets	7
	2.F Forfeits	8
3.	REGISTRATION OF PLAYERS	
	3.A Registrations	9
	3.B Player Restrictions	9
	3.C Representative Players in a Club Team	12
	3.D General Restrictions	13
	3.E Transfers	13
4.	FACILITIES	
	4.A Venues	14
	4.B Lighting Standards	14
5.	HOST CLUB GAME DAY RESPONSIBILITIES	
	5.A Grounds	15
	5.B Field and Goal Sizes	15
6.	GAME PROCEDURES	
	6.A Team Officials	17
	6.B Home Ground's Officials	17
	6.C Injuries and Insurance	17
	6.D Referees	18
	6.E Cancellation of Games	18
	6.F Postponed Games	19
	6.G Alteration of Games	19
	6.H Walk Offs	19
7.	FINALS SERIES	20
8.	LAWS OF THE GAME	
	8.A Fixtures and Tournaments	21
	8.B Local Rules	21
9.	REPRESENTATIVE	
	9.A Representative & Academy Squads & Teams	22
	9.B Selection Process	22
	9.C Representative Coaches & Managers	22
	9.D Representative Colours	23
	9.E Payment and Ownership of Representative Strip	23
	9.F Travelling Costs for Representative Players	23
	9.G Travelling Costs for Representative Coaches/Managers	23

	9.H Nomination Fees for Tournaments	23
10. AWARDS		24
11. BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT & DISCIPLINE	11.A Responsibility of clubs	25
	11.B Yellow & Red Cards	25
	11.C Referee Incident Report	26
	11.D Placed on Report	26
	11.E Suspended Player	26
	11.F Disciplinary Committee	27
12. FINES, BONDS AND PENALTIES	12.A Bonds	28
	12.B Fines	28
	12.C Sanctions	28
13. MISCELLANEOUS	13.A Shin Pads	29
	13.B Alcohol	29
	13.C Dogs	29
	13.D Complaints	29
	13.E SCCSA Leased Venues	29
	13.F Extreme Weather	29
	13.G Child Protection Policy	29
	13.H Age Dispensation Policy	30
	13.I Photographer	30
	13.J Smoking and Vaping	30
	13.K Refund Policy	30
	13.L Bluecard/Exemption Card	30
	13.M SCCSA clubs required to attend COC	30
	13. N SCCSA Heading and Concussion Guidelines	30

APPENDIX 1 – LAWS OF ROOBALL Under 9 to Under 10	31
APPENDIX 2 – LAWS OF ROOBALL Under 6 to Under 8	38
APPENDIX 3 – SUMMER COMPETITION RULES	40
APPENDIX 4 – COMPLAINTS	41
APPENDIX 5 – EXTREME WEATHER POLICY	44

CHILD PROTECTION POLICY (Appendix 6) available for download from SCCSA's website

REFUND POLICY – information on SCCSA's website – see "Important Information"

AGE DISPENSATION POLICY – available for download from SCCSA's website

SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY – available for download from SCCSA's website

SUSPENSIONS AND SANCTIONS POLICY – available for download from SCCSA's website

FOREWARD

This Manual supersedes all previous versions of Annexure A, By-laws.

Annexure A, By-laws is a reference for all persons involved in the day-to-day management, administration, coaching, playing and officiating of all Soccer clubs affiliated with the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association (SCCSA). This includes Management Committees, Club Volunteers, Team Coaches, Managers, Referees, First Aid Personnel, Players, Parents and Spectators.

The Council of Clubs of the SCCSA is the only body that can approve amendments to this document. The process is as follows:

- Any SCCSA club can propose an amendment, and the timing of this is such that a minimum notice of 14 days must be given to clubs prior to a Council of Clubs meeting,
- Amendments are approved by a motion at a Council of Clubs meeting.

All amendments will be issued under covering advice from SCCSA Administration staff.

The rules detailed in this document will be operative and enforced for all rulings and proceedings from the date of issue.

INTRODUCTION

The rules detailed within this Manual are to ensure the common interpretation and consistent application across all Soccer clubs affiliated with the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association and provide the framework under which all Soccer is administered within the Sunshine Coast area.

The rules detailed in this Manual have been written in good faith; however, the SCCSA Executive Committee reserves the right to modify or override any rule that unintentionally hinders or favours any affiliated club, their officials, players and staff.

In the event of the Association waiving a breach of the rules by any SCCSA member on a particular occasion, this does not waive any subsequent default or breach of the same or any similar rule.

In the event of Executive or Administration staff inadvertently giving incorrect advice on any of the rules of the Association, this does not preclude subsequent withdrawal of that advice, and in no way establishes a precedent that the particular rule can be waived.

DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

Where the term 'SCCSA' is used in the following Manual, the full Executive Committee of the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association and their affiliated clubs is intended.

Where the term 'Executive' is used, the Office Bearers of the SCCSA (as defined by the Constitution of the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association) is intended.

Where the term 'Nominee' is used, person or persons given specific roles within the Association by the SCCSA is intended.

In the interpretation of these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires:

- singular includes plural and vice versa,
- any gender includes the other gender,
- mentioning anything after 'include', 'includes' or 'including' does not limit what else may be included, and
- headings used for ease of reference are not to be interpreted as forming part of these Rules.

1. COMPETITION FORMAT

1.A Winter Competition

- (i) The Winter Premiership competition shall be conducted over a given period to be set each season by the executive. Where possible, each team is to play each other the same number of times, and all teams must play each other the same number of times throughout the premiership competition.
- In the case of a complete washout of fixtures refer to by-Law 6.F.
- (ii) The age groups are based on year of birth, and shall be U6, U7, U8, U9, U10 (all Rooball teams), plus U11, U12, U13, U14, U15 and U16/17. Under 11 and upwards age groups are competitive competitions. Senior competitions include Open Men, Open Women and Over 35's.
- (iii) Matches shall be played on such grounds and at such times as the Association may direct.
- (iv) Other competitions may be held as required.
- (v) The Executive has the discretion to postpone or abandon fixtures due to weather conditions, or health directives, and to defer any games in the Finals' series.
- (vi) Departure from the set fixtures requires the permission of SCCSA Executive. Refer also to rule 6.G Alteration of Fixture Games.
- (vii) Any combined age group competition will encompass only 2 (two) age groups, i.e. Under 13/14, or U14/15 etc. In the case of a combined U13/14 competition, a Number 4 sized ball is to be used for all games.
- (viii) Three (3) points for a win, one (1) point for a draw, zero (0) points for a loss, forfeit given and a bye. The score for a forfeit will be recorded as 3-0 against the team which forfeited.
- (ix) The Grading Committee in consultation with the Executive will decide how many teams and how many divisions will be in the competition. Grading rounds will be conducted over the first three (3) weekends of the season. No competition points will be allocated for grading games, and Adermann and Fairplay points are not recorded as well.
- (x) The Grading Committee will convene:
- After each grading round to review results, complete draw for the next grading round and to complete the grading of teams, and
 - After round five (5) to review the results and assess the merits of any club/Executive requests for regrading prior to the continuance of the premiership competition.
- (xi) Should there be twelve (12) or more teams in the competitive age group then the competition is to be split into two or more divisions.
- (xii) A Club's request for one of their teams to be considered for regrading must be completed in writing, addressed to SCCSA Administration, and be received no later than five (5) days prior to round six (6).
- (xiii) The Championship competition shall be conducted between the four (4) top teams in each competitive division at the end of the Premiership competition.
- The minor Semi Final shall be between the third and fourth teams on the ladder. The team that loses the minor semi-final drops out of contention.

- The major Semi Final shall be between the first and second teams on the ladder. The winner to go into the Grand Final, and the team that loses is to play against the winner of the minor Semi Final, called the Preliminary Final.
- The winner of the Preliminary Final will then contest the Grand Final, while the team that loses drops out. Refer to section 7 for more rules on the Finals' series.

(xiv) **Game Times**

U6 / U7 / U8	20 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 3
U9 / U10	25 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 4
U11 / U12	25 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 4
U13	30 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 4
U14	30 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 5
U15	35 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 5
U16/U17	40 mins each way	-	5 mins half time	-	Ball size 5

In the case of a combined U13/14 competition, a Number 4 sized ball is to be used for all games.

Extra time if required in finals:

- U11 and U12 – 10 minutes each way
- U13 and up – 15 minutes each way

Rooball Carnivals

- (a) Clubs wishing to host a Preseason Rooball Carnival can nominate using Form D - Field Availability, or End of season carnival using Form E – Finals at a time advised in the pre-season by SCCSA. Carnival venues will be determined at a Council of Clubs meeting.
- (b) Attendance by all Rooball teams at pre-season and end-of season Carnivals is compulsory.
- (c) Cost per player to be determined in the pre-season.
- (d) Each player shall receive a Participation award – no trophies are awarded.
- (e) No Winners are declared and no records are kept of the results.

1.B Intra Club Games (including representative games)

- (i) Advice of games outside of the SCCSA-organised competition (pre-season and others), and games organized by representative teams for training must be provided to SCCSA Administration prior to commencement of the game.

1.C Six a Side (Refer to Appendix 2 “Summer Competition Rules”)

- (i) The SCCSA shall stage a six-a-side summer competition for players. This competition is a means to maintain fitness over the summer months and should be played & Refereed with fun in mind at all times.
- (ii) All players must be registered with SCCSA, through the six-a-side online registration portal, and pay the scheduled registration fee.

2. COMPETITION ADMIN

2.A Team Eligibility

- (i) Only SCCSA affiliated club teams may compete in SCCSA Fixtures & Tournaments.
- (ii) Team names shall take the form of club name first, followed by individual identifying name (Lions, Chiefs, Blades, Stingrays, Gold, Blue etc.).
- (iii) Team names must not be offensive.
- (iv) Teams may not use names that conflict with other SCCSA club names.
e.g. Eagles - (Noosa)
Warriors - (Palmwoods)
Wildcats - (Nambour)

2.B Payment of team fees

- (i) SCCSA will invoice clubs their outstanding player's registrations throughout the year from the details provided on the "Teams" section of the online registration database.

2.C Team Strip

- (i) Each club's original strip must be approved by the SCCSA. Refer to rule 2.D for alterations to team strip.
- (ii) Advertising is permissible on soccer strips with prior approval from the Executive.
- (iii) Each player in a competitive age group shall wear a unique number not less than 7cm high displayed on their strip.
- (iv) All players shall wear full team strip, i.e., correct coloured shirt, shorts & socks.
- (v) If team strips are too similar for a game, the **AWAY** team shall wear alternative colours or bibs.
- (vi) Numbered bibs shall be provided at each home venue by the host club – to be kept at the canteen.
- (vii) Compression garments known as skins may be worn, but the only colour allowed is black.
- (viii) Tape or any material applied or worn externally to team socks must either be the same colour as that part of the sock it is applied to or the colour black, providing that all players in the team use tape of same colour.

2.D Alterations to Strip

- (i) Clubs proposing alterations to Club strip should apply in writing to the SCCSA for approval with colour and drawing examples.

This information is then to be circulated giving all Clubs 7 days' notice prior to presentation to Council of Clubs Meeting of their NOTICE OF INTENTION TO CHANGE and their right to object at that Meeting.

2.E Online Team Sheets

- (i) Team sheets are to be correctly completed by the team coach or manager before the game time commencement. In Under 6 to Under 8, in addition to the run-on team, three (3) interchange players are allowed, and in Under 9 upwards, five (5) interchange players are allowed.

- (ii) Players who arrive late should be added to the online team sheet before they enter the field of play.
- (iii) After the game, Team Managers of each team are required to check that the Referee has completed the game score correctly. The online team sheet button "Coach/Manager Feedback" can be used to question the game score, if necessary.
- (iv) Each competitive team coach or manager is to provide to a Match Official after the game their team's vote for the Adermann Award.

Referees will provide Fair play points on the team sheets for age group Under 9 and older, and Referee's Best and Fairest player.
- (v) In the event of team coach, manager or nominated person being unable to access the online team sheet on game day, and therefore unable to enter the team player names, they are required to record their team in the Team Sheet book provided, and advise their team list by email to the SCCSA Match Controller by 8.00am the Monday following game day.
- (vi) In the event of team sheets not supplied to SCCSA Match Controller, SCCSA Administration staff will request the team sheet directly by email to the coach and manager of the team, with a cc in the email to the Club Secretary and Registrar. If the missing team sheet is not provided, the next step will be a fine of \$20 (for each missing team sheet). Additionally, when a team reaches 3 occasions of a team sheet being found missing, then the fine of \$20 for each missing team sheet will apply automatically, with no warning. Refer to Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

2.F Forfeits

- (i) Three (3) match points and three (3) goals shall be allotted against the team that forfeited.
- (ii) The deadline for notification of a forfeit by a team is 5.00pm the day preceding the match. Clubs notify SCCSA Match Controller, who then notify the opposition team, hosting club and SCCSA Referees. If the deadline is not met, the club forfeiting will be charged the Referee fee for both teams.
- (iii) In the event of a late forfeit, the teams may play a friendly game, where players may be shared between the two teams. In this instance the result is recorded as a forfeit, the forfeiting team is not liable for the Referee fee for the opposing team.
- (iv) When a team receives a forfeit against them, team staff are required to enter the team list of the players who would have played that game, so that the forfeited game will be counted for eligibility to play in a finals series (refer also by-law 7 (iii)).

3. REGISTRATION OF PLAYERS

3.A Registrations

- (i) Ages: for the current season team ages shall be determined by player birth age between 1st July of the preceding year to 31st December of the current year. A player must be 5 years of age in that year before they can participate.
- (ii) All players must be registered with a SCCSA affiliated club in order to play in SCCSA Tournaments & Fixtures and friendly matches.
- (iii) A player is registered with the relevant SCCSA club once registration has been completed online and SCCSA registration fee has been paid.
- (iv) Each player in a competitive age group is to be allocated a jersey number which remains the same for the entire season wherever possible.
- (v) If an unregistered player takes part in a fixture game for a competitive team, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the unregistered player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12 Fines, Bonds and Penalties.
- (vi) Players must be registered as a junior to be eligible to play in the junior competition. To clarify – a player allocated only to a Senior team may not participate in the junior competition.
- (vii) SCCSA may refuse, reject or cancel any player registration.
- (viii) SCCSA fees are non-refundable and are determined in the pre-season by SCCSA Executive. Refer also to Refund Policy.
- (ix) Clubs shall not actively grade or recruit players for the purpose of loading teams. If a club is suspected of doing so, SCCSA will require the Club Committee to provide an explanation. SCCSA may apply a penalty as they see fit.
- (x) Clubs shall not actively entice or poach players from other SCCSA clubs. SCCSA will investigate any reports of activity of this nature and apply an appropriate penalty as they see fit.

Definition of 'poaching'

For the purpose of this rule, poaching is defined as a direct approach to a player, by a coach or any official or person associated with a club, to entice that player to move from the club they are registered with to the club represented by the person making the approach.

Definition of 'enticement'

Enticement is anything offered to a player as incentive to change clubs, and that may include, but is not limited to, a promise of better playing conditions, free apparel, payment or promise of payment.

Notwithstanding these definitions, it is the actual approach to the player that constitutes a breach of the Rule.

3.B Player Restrictions

- (i) Players cannot play up more than two age divisions without prior written permission

from SCCSA.

This note is to clarify where considering this rule in terms of combined age groups – a 14 year old player is allowed to play up in Under 16/17 division, because the wording states “age division” and not “age”.

Application to play up 3 age divisions must be made on Form B Application for Player Dispensation, and submitted for **full approval** by SCCSA, before the player is allowed to play in the requested age group. If a player participates in a game 3 age divisions above their own age without prior approval from SCCSA, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

- (ii) A player must be turning 9 or older in the current year to play in competitive age groups unless they have successfully obtained permission to enable them to play up three age groups in the previous season, then by-law 3.B (i) applies.
- (iii) Registered “B” division players may play in “A” division competitions in the same age group but NOT vice versa after round 3 (grading rounds). If a higher division player participates in a game in a lower division of the same age, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.
- (iv) A Player who participates as a fill-in player in six (6) games in a higher division will then be considered to belong to that higher division team. This includes Under 9 and Under 10 registered players playing in the competitive age divisions.
- (v) A player may only play in the Finals Series in **one** team. Refer to Section 7 (Finals Series) for more information.
- (vi) Junior female players are allowed to play down one age division, without having to apply for Age Dispensation.
- (vii) Where a club has two or more teams in a division which requires grading, players are only permitted to play in one of those teams after round 3 (grading rounds). If a player participates in games for a team not their own, and within the same division, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player.

Where a club has two or more teams in a competitive division which does not require grading, players are only permitted to play in one team for the whole season. If a player participates in games for more than one team in their same division, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player.

At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

- (viii) If a player is registered in an older age group they cannot play down or be borrowed by their correct age group. This includes players who have received dispensation to play down two ages. If a player participates in an incorrect aged team in a competitive age group, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

- (ix) If an over age player participates in a game in a lower age group, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the over age player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines Bonds and Penalties.

Age Dispensations

- (x) The application is submitted in the first instance to SCCSA Administration, who will then forward the application on to the SCCSA Director of Coaching/SCCSA Executive. The deadline for receipt of applications for a player wanting approval before a Saturday game is noon on the Thursday preceding the game. Any club lodging an application after that time will be advised that the dispensation request cannot be considered before the upcoming game.
- (xi) Up to three (3) Dispensation Assessment nights will be scheduled in the pre-season, for the SCCSA Director of Coaching/SCCSA Executive to assess applications. Players are required to complete the dispensation request form and lodge with SCCSA Administration to notify that they require assessment prior to the Dispensation Assessment date, and bring a copy of the form with them to the assessment session. Any player who attends the Assessment session without prior advice will not be assessed. Late applications which require the SCCSA Director of Coaching/SCCSA Executive to visit the club to conduct dispensation assessment will incur a fee of \$100.
- (xii) With the exception of automatic dispensations - junior females playing down one age, or the limited allowances in rule 3.B (xvi), applications for Age Dispensation (to play down one age group) require completion of form B – Application for Player Dispensation, **and full approval** by SCCSA before the player is allowed to play in the requested age group. Applications submitted on any game day, and verbal requests will not be considered by the SCCSA Director of Coaching. Refer also to SCCSA's Age Dispensation Policy.
- (xiii) Age Dispensation approvals (or copies) must be available for scrutiny, if requested, by the Referee on game day.
- (xiv) Current representative players excluding junior females, cannot play an SCCSA fixture an age lower than their representative age team unless dispensation has been granted, or unless the executive determines an exceptional circumstance.

If a current representative player participates in a lower age SCCSA fixture game in a competitive age group, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player. At the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines Bonds and Penalties.

If a current representative player plays up as a 'fill-in' player in a team resulting in the number of representative players in that team to be over the limit of five (5), taking into consideration rule 3 C ("home-grown" rule), the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the ineligible player, and a fine of \$20 will apply – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

- (xv) No over age player is allowed to play down into the U16/17 Age Group unless the Executive determine an exceptional circumstance. This excludes female players wishing to play down one year (By-law 3B vi) or the limited allowances in rule 3B (xvi).

(updated 4/3/24)

- (xvi) The number of players in a team, whose date of birth is in the second half of the year preceding the current year, is to be limited to the following:
- a. U6 – U8: 2 players
 - b. U9 – U10: 3 players
 - c. U11 – U17: 4 players

Clubs are responsible for checking the above limits and organising applications for dispensation to play down one age group when numbers of these 'second half of the year' players exceed the above limits.

3.C Representative Players in a club team

(DEFINITION: A representative player is a player who is selected into a representative team to represent the SCCSA. This does not apply to development squads (also known as Academy squads).

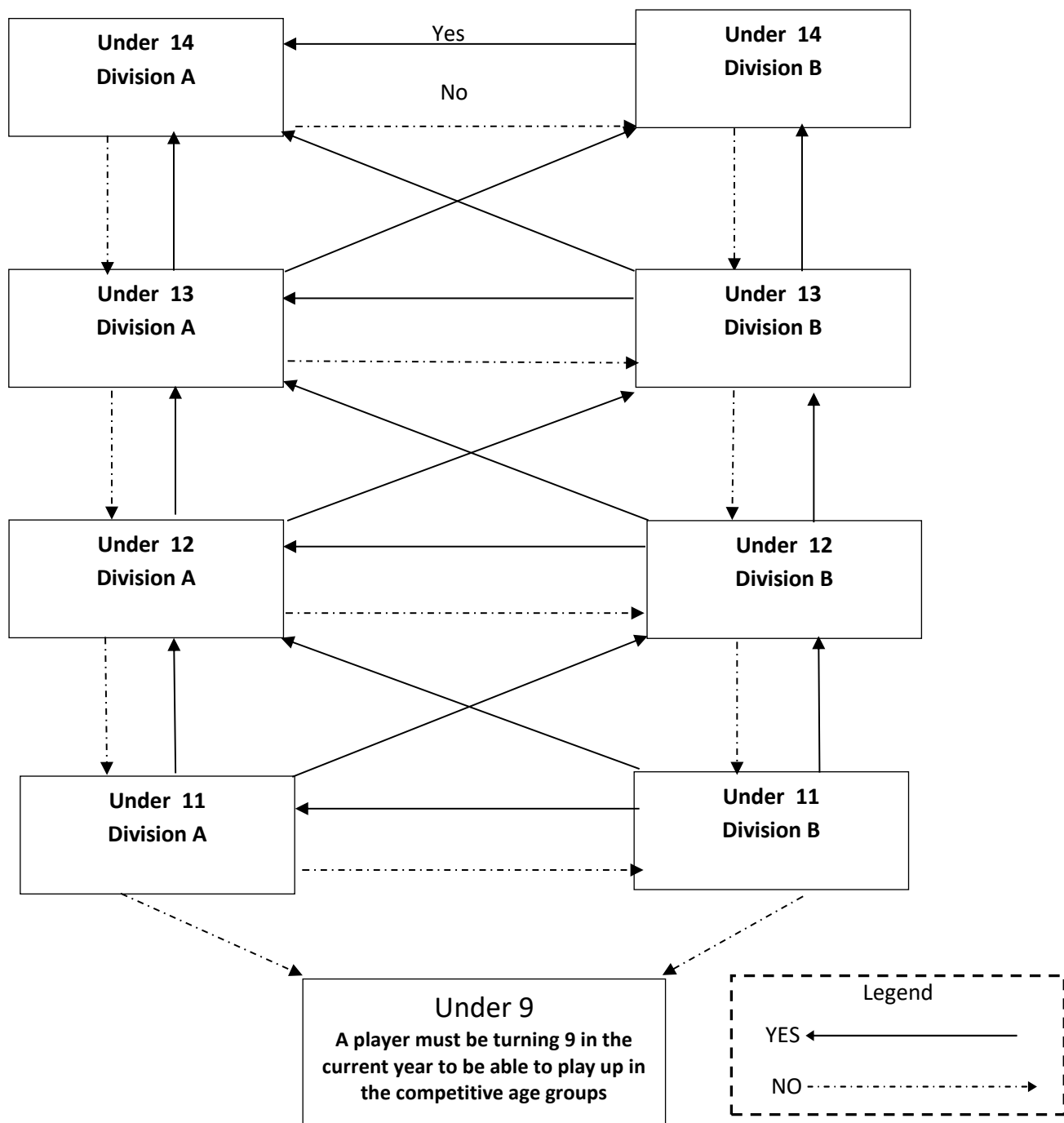
Only (5) five representative players are allowed in a club team unless all representative players have played for that **Club** for the last 3 years and/or relocated to the area or have not been registered in a SCCSA club in the preceding two (2) years. This rule can be reviewed by the SCCSA Executive should a club not be able to fulfil these criteria, but this does not mean that clubs should accept transfers in by representative players, then apply for exemption to this rule – clubs are responsible for checking the limit of representative players per team **before** accepting any registration of a representative player.

Additionally, clubs must monitor teams which have representative players, in terms of making sure that "fill-in" players for games do not make the team exceed the limit of 5 representative players. Fines apply – refer to Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.

3.D General Restrictions

Portability between age groups

Refer Section 3.B



3.E Transfers

- (i) Transfers may be granted by the Secretary/Registrar of an SCCSA club upon receipt of an application in writing on form C – Player Transfer, and proper enquiry being made.
- (ii) SCCSA Executive has the discretion to rule on any dispute involving player transfers.
- (iii) A player who requests a transfer must be a financial member of their former club.

4. FACILITIES

4.A Venues

- (i) The club shall ensure that the venue nominated to host a competition match is presented in an appropriate manner.
- (ii) Each venue **shall aim to provide** as a minimum standard the following amenities and services:
 - Lockable match officials' dressing room. These dressing rooms shall have toilet and shower facilities that meet acceptable Australian Health Standards,
 - Toilet facilities available for public use,
 - Canteen facilities, and,
 - Ambulance access to the area immediately adjacent to the playing field.

The host club should have available reasonable quantities of ice, water and a First Aid kit.

4.B Lighting Standards

- (i) Lighting standards shall be required for training and competition matches to Australian Standard AS 2560 Part 2.3.

5. HOST CLUB GAME DAY RESPONSIBILITIES

5.A Grounds

- (i) Clubs will notify SCCSA of the availability of venue by Form D - Field Availability, at the beginning of the year.
- (ii) The field for competitive games must be marked in accordance with [FIFA rulings](#), with a technical interchange area, complete with corner flags of not less than 1.5m in height and having a non- pointed top, nets in place and secured full length.
- (iii) Benches for coach, manager and up to five (5) reserves for each team must be provided either side of centre line for competitive games.
- (iv) A barrier or line to indicate that no person should be inside that line must be in place at a distance of two (2) metres from the touch line and parallel to it.
- (v) No person is allowed behind the goal line. Host club's Grounds' Official must enforce this rule.
- (vi) It is desirable that an official of the home team call the two (2) teams together for prayer prior to the Referee's whistle.
- (vii) The match ball shall be given to the Referee prior to the commencement of each game.

5.B Field and Goal Sizes

(i) Field Sizes

As per FIFA guidelines – click [here](#) for Laws of the Game.

	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM
11's up	120 x 90	90 x 45
9 -10	70 x 50	60 x 45
6-7-8	50 x 35	40 x 25

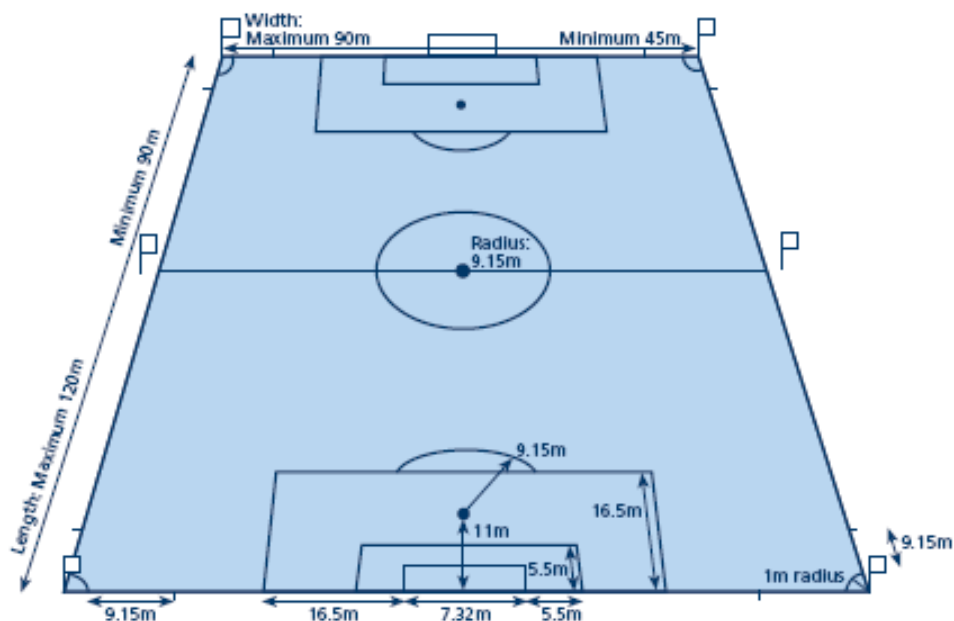
(ii) Goal Sizes

click [here](#) for Rooball Laws U9 & 10, and [here](#) for Rooball Laws U6 to U8

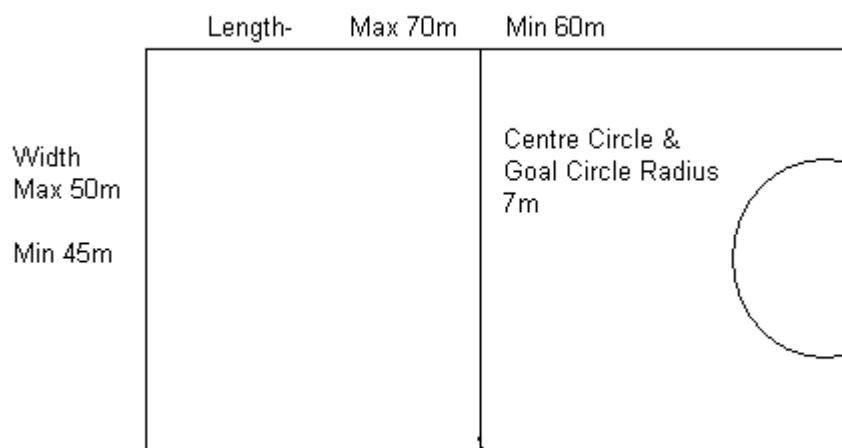
	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM
Under 6,7 & 8 goals:	5m X 2m (internal) 6m Radius semi-circle	5m X 1.7m (internal)
Under 9 & 10 goals	6m X 2m (internal) 7m Radius semi-circle	5m X 2m (internal)
Under 11 up	7.32m X 2.44m (internal)	

Full Size Field

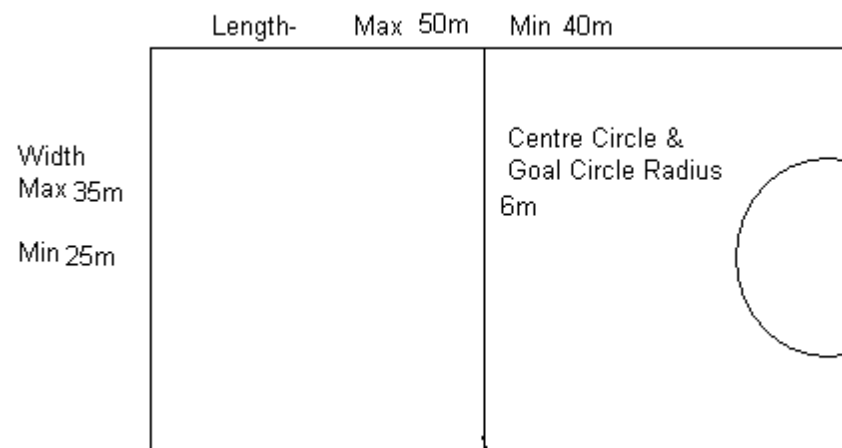
Metric Measurements



U9 –U10 Field



U6 – U8 Field



6. GAME PROCEDURES

6.A Team Officials

- (i) Clubs are responsible for entering names and contact details of team coaches and managers onto the registration database. This information is required before the commencement of winter fixtures. Coaches and managers must be clearly identifiable at all games.
- (ii) The minimum age for a coach or manager of a club team is fourteen (14). Additionally, the team that they coach or administer should be at least two (2) years below their own age.
- (iii) Clubs are responsible for entering player names into teams on the registration database before the commencement of the grading fixtures for the winter season.
- (iv) Coaches and managers of competitive age groups are to remain in the technical area while the game is in progress.
- (v) As per Rooball rules:
 - Under 9 & 10 coaches are permitted on the field in their team's defensive half, away from the goal area with the permission of the Referee, and
 - Under 6, 7 & 8 coaches are permitted on the field throughout the game, away from the goal area.
- (vi) Coaches and Managers shall not act as linesmen while their team is on the field of play unless requested and agreed to by the Referee.
- (vii) Clubs are encouraged to have their coaches obtain the appropriate coaching levels for the age group they are coaching.
- (viii) Under no circumstances shall any person, apart from the Referee and players, enter the field of play unless called upon by the Referee.

6.B Home Grounds' Official

The Home Grounds' Official is responsible for ensuring home match day operations are conducted smoothly throughout game day. They must:

- be clearly identified by the wearing of the SCCSA-provided vest,
- assist the Referees in any way or manner, as requested by the Referee,
- be actively engaged in controlling the field and surrounds (no spectators too close to the fields, spectators away from behind the goal line etc.),
- facilitate First Aid, and assist First Aid personnel when required,
- oversee access required by Ambulance when required,
- assist in crowd control in regard to alcohol consumption, cigarette smoking and vaping, plus the SCCSA rules regarding no dogs, and
- handle queries and complaints, referring necessary matters to the Club Committee.

6.C Injuries and Insurance

- (i) Only the Manager, Coach or suitably qualified medical person is allowed on the field to attend to an injury, after being called on by the Referee. Assessment of injury should take place before the player is moved from the field.
- (ii) Any person who is injured during a SCCSA-sanctioned activity must notify the appropriate club official as soon as practicable.

- (iii) An Incident Report should be completed within 7 days by a team official, and forwarded to SCCSA Administration.
- (iv) Should the injury be the subject of an Insurance Claim, the person must fill in a Claim form, which the club then forward to SCCSA Administration.

6.D Referees

- (i) Referees shall be appointed by the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Referees Association to control all under 9 games and older.
- (ii) Coaches, managers or another responsible adult person shall Referee under 6, 7 and 8 games. Refer to Appendix 1 Rooball Laws.
- (iii) If no official Referee is available, or in the event of the non-arrival of the appointed official Referee, any person can control the game providing both coaches or their representatives agree.
- (iv) Referees will not be paid if not in uniform, and if they have not completed the online team sheet in full, including team best and fairest and Fair play points.
- (v) Referees appointed to games by Sunshine Coast Referees Association have complete authority over the game they are appointed to, including before, during and after the game. Click [here](#) for Laws of the Game.

Fees and payment

- (vi) Referee fees during the season (excluding finals) are to be paid by SCCSA clubs.
- (vii) Semi, Preliminary, and Grand Finals, Referees' fees are to be paid to the Referee's Association by SCCSA.
- (viii) Amendments to Referee payment amounts are advised annually by the Sunshine Coast Referees Association.
- (ix) Referee fees for Carnivals will be ratified at a Council of Clubs meeting.
- (x) All Referee fees will be paid by each club within 14 days of receiving their invoice.
- (xi) A \$75 fine will be imposed on any club that doesn't strictly adhere to this agreement.

6.E Cancellation of Games

- (i) Should a Home Grounds' Official, after inspecting the ground, deem conditions unfit for play, they must ring the Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association **Match Controller** and inform them before 7.00 am.

This action will then leave the SCCSA Match Controller with three options:

- (a) If only one (1) ground-hosting club advises that their grounds can be played on, then there will be cancellation across the board of all matches.
- (b) If two (2) or more ground hosting clubs advise that their grounds can be played on, then the competition will continue with the competitive age groups that are not able to play, having their games rescheduled to a time and venue to be advised by the SCCSA Match Controller.
- (c) When ground hosting clubs advise that their grounds are unable to be played on, those games scheduled to be played at these grounds can be rescheduled by the SCCSA Match Controller to an alternative venue that is still playable on that same day. The decision to reschedule games to an

alternative field must be made no later than 6.30pm on the Thursday prior to play (earlier if possible).

- (ii) In the event of wet weather cancellation across the board **no points will be awarded to any team at all.**
- (iii) If games cancelled due to wet weather cannot be rescheduled so that a full round of games is completed, **no points will be awarded for any game at all.** This means that the games that were completed in the partial round will have the points removed.
- (iv) Any changes, either transfer or cancellation, will be conveyed to the SCCSA Web Site, social media, the Referee's Association, and any other media, as early as possible by the Match Controller.
- (v) In all other cases, only the Referee has the right to cancel the game, except where a school ground is used. The school authority can determine whether grounds are available or not.

6.F Postponed Games

- (i) Postponed games are to be rescheduled by the SCCSA Match Controller.
- (ii) Abandoned games will not be rescheduled once 75% or more of the game has been played and the score stands.

6.G Alteration of Fixture Games

- (i) Clubs may apply to have fixture games changed, and must do so in writing two (2) weeks in advance, stating the reason for the request. The SCCSA Executive has the discretion to approve or decline this request.

6.H Walk Offs

Offending team and/or offending official/s will be liable to disciplinary action as deemed by the Executive.

7. FINALS SERIES

- (i) The placing in the points table shall be determined by points. However, if there are tied points, placing will be determined by goal difference, goals for, then head-to-head.
- (ii) Should there only be eight (8) or more teams in a competitive age group and there is no "A" and "B" divisions, then SCCSA will stage a "Plate Competition".
- It shall be conducted between teams 5 to 8 in each competitive division at the end of the Premiership competition. The minor Semi Final shall be between the 7th and 8th teams on the ladder. The loser is to vacate the competition. The major Semi Final shall be between the 5th and 6th teams on the ladder.
- The winner to go into the Plate Grand Final, and the loser to play against the winner of the minor Semi Final, called the Preliminary Final. The winner of the Preliminary Final will enter the Plate Grand Final, the loser will vacate the competition.
- The winner of the Plate Grand Final will be called the "The (Age Division) Plate Champions".
- (iii) **Eligibility of players.** At least four (4) full time fixture appointed games must be played with one team during the season for a player to be eligible in the finals' series for that team. Games where a team received a forfeit against them are included for this rule. This rule also includes Under 9 registered players playing in the competitive age divisions.
- SCCSA Executive has the discretion to approve the inclusion of players who do not meet the 4-game criteria in extenuating circumstances.
- If a team plays an ineligible player in any finals' game, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team who fields the ineligible player, and, at the discretion of SCCSA Executive, fines may apply also – refer Section 12, Fines, Bonds and Penalties.
- (iv) A player may compete for **one team only** in the finals' series. If a player is eligible to play in two age groups in the finals' series, they must choose to play in only one.
- (v) All finals games must be played until a result is obtained, with extra time and penalties being the procedure, according to FIFA regulations. Refer to rule 1.A (xiv) for details of extra time allowed in finals' games.
- (vi) Each club is required to supply a Ground's Official for each team that they have in the Grand Final, to assist with the management of spectators.
- (vii) Competition trophies and other awards will be presented at a time nominated by SCCSA Executive.

Premiership Team

- (viii) The team that finishes on top of the table in each competitive division at the end of fixtures is named the Premiership team.

Championship Team

- (ix) The team that wins the Grand Final in each competitive division is named the Championship team.

8. LAWS OF THE GAME

click [here](#) for Laws of the Game.

Competition Rules & Laws

8.A Fixtures & Tournaments

- (i) FIFA rules allow interchange of up to five (5) players – this applies in competitive age groups.
- (ii) Ages from Under 6 to 10 will play noncompetitive Rooball as per SCCSA guidelines. (Refer to Appendix 1 and 2 – rules for Rooball for U6 to U8, and U9 to U10).
- (iii) Any player permanently dismissed from the field (i.e., sent-off), must immediately leave the field and remove their playing shirt. Under no circumstances can a dismissed player return to the technical area.

8.B Local Rules

(i) Under 11/12 Corners, Goal Kicks and free Kicks

Corner Kicks (Short Corners) For divisions under 11 and 12 the Corner mark is to be placed 25m from the Centre of goals on the goal line.

Note: For all Corner Kicks, Goal Kicks and Free Kicks opponents must remain at least 9.15m (10 yards) from the ball until the ball is in play.

- (ii) The kickoff time must be strictly adhered to; no period of grace is permitted. When teams are not ready to play and the kick-off time is delayed, time will be deducted from each half so that the game **finishes** at the scheduled time.
- (iii) Mercy Rule - game results in the competitive age groups with a difference of more than 10 goals will be recorded as a 10-goal difference only. The game will be played in full, and the Referee will record all goals scored. Administration will amend the result to record that a mercy score has been applied.
- (iv) In competitive age groups, if a player who intends to play in a scheduled game has not been loaded into the team sheet by the start of the second half of that game, they are not allowed to play in that game.
- (v) Captain Armbands are not compulsory within local fixtures organised by SCCSA. When a team wants to designate a captain, they can use a single-coloured armband. This armband may feature the word "captain," the letter "C," or its translation, which should also be a single colour.

(added 2/9/24)

9. REPRESENTATIVE

9.A REPRESENTATIVE AND ACADEMY SQUADS & TEAMS

- (i) Each year SCCSA shall confer to decide on the number and ages of Representative teams and Academy squads for the upcoming season.
- (ii) Representative trials are held annually at the discretion of the SCCSA Executive. Rules for coaches for the trials, selection of teams and training are contained in the SCCSA Representative Coach Manual.
- (iii) Squad selections must be made by representative squad selection 3-person Panel to be appointed, consisting of the Representative Coach and two other selectors sourced by the representative coach. The two extra selectors should be past or present representative coaches, or persons familiar with representative soccer, but should not be from the same club as the coach – parents of a child trying out are not allowed to be a selector.
- (iv) All players chosen in the representative teams or squads and their parents, are under an obligation to be available for scheduled tournaments throughout the season.
- (v) Final team/squad selection is at the discretion of the Representative Coach.
- (vi) Representative players must play 75% of their club games to be eligible for the representative program.
- (vii) Players must trial for the Zone Representative team/Academy squad that their current club falls into, unless the player notifies SCCSA prior to the trials that they will be moving clubs in the upcoming season.
- (viii) If a player registers for a club in a different zone after they have been selected in a Representative team/Academy squad, and that club is in a different zone to the one they were selected in, they are to continue playing for the Representative team/Academy squad that they have been selected for.
- (ix) Players must play in the age group according to year of birth (regardless of what age group they play for in their respective Club fixture competition). However, players may play up an age group if SCCSA does not form a team in their age group.

9.B Selection Process

- (i) All players wanting to trial must be a registered player of an SCCSA affiliated club as an active member in a current team, for the current season.
- (ii) At the trials no player is permitted to wear any representative gear.
- (iii) Players will be notified of either their selection or non-selection for the team that they trialed for by email or other suitable means.
- (iv) If a player declines an offer of a place in a Representative team/Academy squad, or accepts a place and then subsequently withdraws for the team or squad, they may not be eligible for selection to a representative team or squad in the following year.
- (v) Representative/Academy coaches may recall a non-selected player into the team, or call for another trial for eligible players within their zone to fill a vacant position in the team/squad.

9.C Representative Coaches & Managers

- (i) Representative coaches shall be selected by a three-person Representative Coach Panel appointed by the Executive, from nominations received.

- (ii) When appointed, Representative/Academy coaches and managers must sign a Volunteer Agreement, which outlines the duties of a coach and a manager.
- (iii) Representative and Academy coaches and managers of junior teams must hold a Blue Card prior to commencement of duties.
- (iv) A Representative Coach must have appropriate coaching accreditation or must complete the first available SCCSA approved course.
- (v) A parent who has a child in a representative team is permitted to be appointed as a Representative Coach or Manager, however they must be approved by SCCSA Executive before taking on the role.
- (vi) Detailed information on the duties of Representative/Academy Managers is contained in the Representative Management Information – issued when acknowledgment of the Manager's appointment is sent by SCCSA Administration. As per rule 9.A (ii), duties of Representative/Academy Coaches are outlined in the Representative Coach Manual.
- (vii) Representative Coaches and Managers honorariums will be set in the pre-season by SCCSA Executive in the Executive meeting prior to the annual representative trials.
- (viii) SCCSA Executive reserves the right to refuse, reject or cancel representative coaches and manager's appointment.

9.D Representative Colours

Registered colours are BLACK & GOLD.

9.E Payment and Ownership of Representative Strip

- (i) SCCSA provides representative jerseys for each team to be purchased by the players. Players are also required to purchase their own shorts, socks, travelling shirt and jacket.
- (ii) This strip must not be worn unless playing an authorised representative match. No alternative playing strip is permitted to be worn by an SCCSA representative team without prior approval.

9.F Travelling Costs for Representative Players

Travelling and accommodation costs are paid by each player.

9.G Travelling Costs for Representative Coaches & Managers

- (i) Travelling and accommodation costs for Representative coaches and managers are paid for by their team only if they are travelling away and are accommodated with the team. Variations by application to the Executive may be considered. (Travelling and accommodation costs should then be considered and included in the team travel budget).

9.H Nomination Fees for Tournaments

- (i) SCCSA includes the nomination fee for the tournaments in which the representative teams take part in the fee charged to representative players.
- (ii) All representative team equipment or items issued such as equipment bags or soccer balls remains the property of the SCCSA.

10 AWARDS

For Premiership and Championship trophies, see Section 7 Finals Series.

10-, 15-, 20-, 25-, 30-Year Service Award

- (i) Presented to members who have been registered with SCCSA for 10, 15, 20, 25 & 30 years.

Other Awards

- (ii) **Adermann Award**

This commemorates the founder & patron of the Association and is awarded to the player that accumulates the most votes for being the best and fairest player during the fixtures part of the season. Points are awarded by Referees and team coaches/managers after each game.

- (iii) **Terry Reynolds Memorial Trophy**

Awarded to the representative player that most consistently demonstrates the skills, attitude and behaviour befitting an ambassador to Churches Soccer. Nominations are sought from Representative coaches after the State Titles have been staged, and the SCCSA Executive decides on the winner.

- (iv) **Championship Club**

Clubs which have a minimum of three competitive teams entered for the season are eligible for the Championship Club. The winner is calculated by the number of competitive fixture game wins divided by the number of teams that club has in competitive fixtures. The highest score is the winner.

In the case of a tie, the club that scores the most goals in competitive fixtures will be the winner.

- (v) **Chaplain's Award**

Presented to a volunteer, administrator, player, or group for providing an outstanding service to the community – which includes their involvement in Soccer.

11. BEHAVIOUR MANAGEMENT & DISCIPLINE

11.A Responsibility of Clubs

All clubs are responsible for taking whatever action is necessary to minimise/eliminate instances of Referee abuse and violent behaviour, both on and off the field. SCCSA's Suspensions and Sanctions Policy applies – download [here](#) for full details of procedures, guidelines and penalties.

11.B Yellow & Red Cards

- (i) In a game situation, a caution (or yellow card) is issued for a minor infringement of the Laws of the Game, and is a warning from the Referee to a player during a match to sanction unsporting behaviour of a less serious nature under the following codes:

- Y1** is guilty of unsporting behaviour.
- Y2** shows dissent by word or action.
- Y3** persistently infringes the Laws of the Game.
- Y4** delays the restart of play.
- Y5** fails to respect the required distance when play is restarted with a corner kick, free kick or throw-in.
- Y6** enters or re-enters the field of play without the Match Official's permission.
- Y7** deliberately leaves the field of play without the Match Official's permission.

The Referee will note the Yellow Card on the online Team Sheet.

Red Card codes

- R1** is guilty of Serious Foul Play.
 - R2** is guilty of Violent Conduct.
 - R3** spits at an opponent or any other person.
 - R4** denies the opposing team a goal or an obvious goal scoring opportunity by deliberately handling the ball (this does not apply to a goalkeeper within his or her own penalty area).
 - R5** denies an obvious goal scoring opportunity to an opponent moving towards the Player's goal by an offence punishable by a free kick or a penalty kick.
 - R6** uses offensive or insulting or abusive language and/or gestures.
 - R7** receives a second caution in the same Match.
- (ii) In the event of a "Send Off" during SCCSA fixtures, representative tournaments and practice matches (friendlies), the player shall be shown the Red Card. This will be recorded and reported by the Referee in charge of the game.
- (iii) The Referee in control of a match where a Red Card has been recorded has 48 hours to complete the Incident Report on the matter on the online team sheet. The report should include factual matters only – and will state who was involved, what was said and exactly what occurred.
- (iv) (a) Competitive Age Group Divisions. The player shall receive a suspension according to the SCCSA Suspensions and Sanctions Policy. If an automatic suspension period does not apply, the Disciplinary Committee will decide on the suspension period.

When the period of suspension is more than one match, should the player or club disagree with the suspension period, they may appeal through the appeal process as stipulated in by-law 11.F (ii).

(b) Rooball 9 and 10 Age Group Divisions. The player shall receive an automatic suspension for the duration of the game in question. But, based on the severity of the incident as reported by the Referees, the player's suspension may be increased in accordance with the Suspensions and Sanctions Policy. Should the player or club disagree with the suspension period, they may appeal through the appeal process as stipulated in By Law 11.F (ii).

- (v) The SCCSA Administrator will advise the player's club of the suspension period, either automatic or as per the Disciplinary Committee decision, including the right of appeal, if applicable.
- (vi) That any suspension for offenses classified as R1, R2, R3 or R8 will apply to all involvement in matches played under the auspices of SCCSA – this includes playing, refereeing, coaching or managing. A person so suspended is not permitted in the technical area during the period of suspension. (updated 3/6/24)

11.C Referee Incident Report

- (i) In addition to 'send-off' incidents as dealt with in by-law 11.B (i) and 11.B (ii), the Referee may raise an incident report in respect to:
 - a. breaches of the Codes of Conduct for Players/Coaches/Managers and Spectators,
 - b. field conditions unsuitable for play to start or continue, or
 - c. in conjunction with a Send Off Report (Red Card Report) on circumstances that extend from the Send Off Report (abusive and or anti-social behaviour etc.).

As per by-law 11B (iii), the report should include factual matters only – and will state who was involved, what was said and exactly what occurred.

- (ii) Upon receipt of an Incident Report sent by SCCSA Administration, the receiving club **MUST** do as follows:
 - a. immediately respond in acknowledgement of receipt of the report,
 - b. reply to SCCSA Administration advising their action/s taken in regard to the report within 7 days,
 - c. if unable to respond within the 7-day time frame forward an explanation as to why,
 - d. advise their actions taken in respect of the incident.
- (iii) SCCSA Administration will forward the club's response to SCCSA Referee's Association, and, if after discussion and examination of the action/s taken by the club/s is deemed unsuitable the Referee's Association Secretary will forward it onto the SCCSA Executive for further follow up.

11.D Placed on Report

- (i) When a misdemeanor has been committed by a player prior to or following a game or by an official of a club or a spectator, that person shall be placed on report.
- (ii) The procedure for the "Send Off" shall then come into effect, except that the Management Committee of the SCCSA shall take the place of the Disciplinary Committee.

11.E Suspended Player

- (i) In the event of a suspended player playing a game during the period of their suspension, the result of the game will be recorded as a forfeit against the team that fields the suspended player, and a fine of \$50 will apply – refer Section 12, Fines Bonds and Penalties. The suspension will then be carried forward to a future game, or games (in the case of a multiple game suspension).

DISCIPLINARY MATTERS AND RIGHTS OF APPEAL

11.F Disciplinary Committee

- (i) Clubs will provide SCCSA in the pre-season the name/s of their club's nominee to be called upon if a judiciary panel is required to make judgement on an appeal against a suspension.
- (ii) **Appeals Against Suspensions**

As per the Suspensions and Sanctions Policy, there is no appeal when a fixed penalty of one match has been applied. However, an appeal may be lodged when the suspension exceeds one match. The appeal application must be accompanied by a payment of \$150.00, which is refundable if the appeal is upheld.
- (iii) Upon receipt of an appeal:
 - (a) A Tribunal Committee will be set up involving three (3) members of the Executive, or appointees not involved with the club(s) or player(s) involved in the dispute.
 - (b) Players and/or coaches are to be invited to attend the Tribunal and **MUST** notify the Tribunal Chairman if they cannot attend.
 - (c) The player and/or coach will be given a fair opportunity to present further evidence or witnesses and argue their case.
 - (d) The Tribunal Committee will consider all aspects of the matter before making a final decision.
 - (e) The Tribunal Committee's decision is final – no further appeals will be accepted.
- (iv) Suspensions are based on SCCSA's Suspensions and Sanctions Policy, but the Disciplinary Committee has the power to set a suspension period which differs from the set-down rules.
- (v) The Disciplinary Committee will advise SCCSA Administration of the decision reached, and this will be immediately conveyed to the players' club.

12. FINES & BONDS AND PENALTIES

12.A Bonds

- (i) Each club is required to deposit a \$100 bond with SCCSA prior to commencement of fixtures matches. Fines will be deducted from this during the season. Should this amount be exhausted prior to the conclusion of the season another \$100 is required to be deposited. The balance of the bond will be carried over to the next season, with a top-up required, if necessary, before the next season commences.

12.B Fines

- (i) \$20.00 fines will be imposed on clubs for the following offences:
- (a) Failure to have a representative in attendance at each Special or General meeting.
 - (b) Failure to have a Home Grounds' Official clearly identified in attendance during games.
 - (c) No barriers or lines along side lines (minimum of two (2) metres from side lines).
 - (d) Fields not marked causing cancellation of games.
 - (e) No seating or marked technical area for coaches, managers, and interchange players.
 - (f) No coach or manager identification.
 - (g) Online team sheets not completed by team management in the time period allowed by the online database.
 - (h) Player lists for teams unable to access online team sheets not provided to SCCSA Match Controller by 8.00am on the Monday following the match.
 - (i) For playing an unregistered player per game.
 - (j) For exceeding the 5 representative player per team limit per game.
 - (k) For playing a player across in a club team of the same division for which they were nominated in the competitive age groups per game.
 - (l) For playing a player down an age group without approval from the SCCSA per game.
 - (m) For playing a player in an age group three (3) years above their birth age per game without the necessary approval.
 - (n) For playing an ineligible player in any finals' series game per game.
- (ii) \$40.00 fine applies for non-attendance at Council of Clubs Meeting.
- (iii) \$50.00 fine applies for withdrawing a team from a Rooball Carnival after the closing date.
- (iv) \$75.00 fines will be imposed on clubs for the following:
- Failing to send a team to Compulsory Rooball Carnivals and other Tournaments organised and/or approved by the SCCSA.
 - For not informing Match Controller when a team is forfeiting a game (including Rooball games) before 5.00pm the day before the match. This fine does not apply if the teams involved play a friendly match. Refer by-law 2.F (iii).
 - For playing a suspended player in a game (refer also to rule 11.E Suspended Player).

12.C Sanctions

- (i) The SCCSA reserves the right to impose fines and sanctions on any member that brings Churches Football/Soccer into disrepute.

All fines will be imposed at the discretion of the Executive of SCCSA

13. MISCELLANEOUS

13.A Shin Pads

- (i) Shin pads and appropriate footwear are compulsory for games and training.

13.B Alcohol

- (i) No alcohol or drugs are to be consumed at SCCSA sanctioned games or training.
- (ii) No person whether appointed or otherwise who is representing SCCSA shall consume or be affected by alcohol (or non-prescription drugs that would affect a person's judgement) when they have the direct care and control of children.

13.C Dogs

- (i) Dogs are not permitted at any SCCSA controlled venue for fixtures, finals, training, representative games, trials, or carnivals whether on a leash or not.

Guide and Assistance Dogs - Reference – Queensland Government Department of Seniors, Disability Services and Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Partnerships [website link](#)

The Guide, Hearing and Assistance Dogs Act 2009 (the Act) came into effect on 1 July 2009. The Act ensures that every person who relies on a certified guide, hearing or assistance dog has the same access rights as others to public places and public passenger vehicles.

Dogs must be certified and be able to pass a Public Access Test to ensure they are safe and effective in a public place, public passenger vehicle, or place of accommodation, and are able to be controlled by the handler/s in all situations.

Certified dogs can be almost any breed and will be easily recognised by the badge on their coat or harness.

- (ii) It is the responsibility of the Grounds' Official to ensure compliance. Refer to rule 6B – Home Grounds' Official.

13.D Complaints

- (i) All complaints addressed to SCCSA must follow the complaint procedure. Refer to Appendix 4.

13.E SCCSA Leased Venues

- (i) The license and / or lease for these grounds shall be for the dates determined by the Sunshine Coast Regional Council and held by SCCSA.
- (ii) For all upkeep, maintenance, rates, refer to memorandum of understanding.
- (iii) Clubs co-hosting grounds are responsible for setting and dismantling of nets, flags, lines, canteen, and clubhouse cleaning.

13.F Extreme Weather

- (i) Should any fixtures, training or events conducted by SCCSA be affected by extreme weather events (hot weather/lightning), then the Extreme Weather Policy will be enforced.

13.G Child Protection Policy

- (i) SCCSA's Child Protection Policy aims to ensure our core values, codes of conduct, good reputation and positive behaviours and attitudes are maintained. The policy

provides the procedures that support our commitment to eliminating discrimination, harassment and child abuse.

13.H Age Dispensation Policy

- (i) To provide access to Soccer for all Australians regardless of their ability, SCCSA has an Age Dispensation Policy in place. Refer also to by-law 3B.

13.I Photographer

- (i) SCCSA may appoint an official photographer to capture visual content on behalf of the SCCSA for multiple platforms, at SCCSA fixtures, finals, Carnivals and Events.

13.J Smoking and Vaping

Reference – Queensland Health [website link](#)

Queensland Government Laws specify that from 1 September 2016, smoking and vaping is banned within 10 metres of viewing and playing areas at organised under-18 sporting events. The ban also applies during training and at any intervals or breaks in play.

The **coverage** of the ban includes the sporting ground or playing area, the viewing area for a water sport, public seating at the grounds and any other area reserved for use by the competitors and the officials. This also includes a 10-metre non-smoking buffer zone from all of these locations.

An organised under-18 sporting event is one that is arranged in advance and is conducted by a professional or amateur sporting body or education institution according to established rules.

The smoking ban includes the use of all smoking products, including electronic cigarettes.

13.K Refund Policy

- (i) SCCSA's Refund Policy provides details of when governing fees are able to be refunded.

13. L Blue Card/Exemption Card

- (i) Committees, Coaches and Managers in SCCSA clubs are required to hold a Blue Card or an Exemption Card. SCCSA clubs are required to uphold their obligations under the Blue Card system, as advised by Blue Card Services.

13. M SCCSA clubs required to attend Council of Clubs (COC) meetings

- (i) SCCSA clubs need to attend six (6) out of eight (8) COC meetings per season.

13. N SCCSA Heading and Concussion Guidelines (updated 3/6/24)

This document sets out the guiding principles developed by AIS and The FA, and provides general advice regarding:

1. Recommended heading guidance for training sessions for SCCSA Clubs, coaches and players
2. The management of concussion in SCCSA.

Laws of Rooball Under 9 to Under 10

These laws are available for download from the SCCSA website – click [here](#).

These are for playing within the SCCSA and may differ slightly from the rules of other soccer associations. Modifications have been made to some FIFA Laws of the Game, to facilitate the transition from the Under 6 to Under 8 Rooball game to the Full Field game.

GAMES ARE NON-COMPETITIVE – There are no points table or championships.

LAW 1 – THE FIELD OF PLAY

The field of play must be rectangular and marked with lines. These lines belong to the areas of which there are boundaries. The two longer boundary lines are called touch lines. The two shorter lines are called goal lines.

The field of play is divided into two halves by a halfway line, which joins the midpoints of the two touch lines.

The centre mark is indicated at the midpoint of the halfway line - a circle with a radius of 7 metres is marked around it.

The length of the touch line must be greater than the length of the goal line.

Length (touch line):	minimum 60 m	maximum 70 m
Width (goal line):	minimum 45 m	maximum 50 m

The goal area is a semi-circle with a 7-metre radius marked on the field from the centre of the goal line.

A flag post, not less than 1.5 m high, with a non-pointed top and a flag must be placed at each corner. A quarter circle with a radius of 1 m from each corner flag post is drawn inside the field of play.

A goal must be placed on the centre of each goal line.

The distance between the posts is:

Length:	minimum 5 m	maximum 6 m
Height:	2 m	

LAW 2 – THE BALL

All matches are played with a size 4 ball.

A match ball must be given to the Referee before the start of the match by both teams.

LAW 3 – THE NUMBER OF PLAYERS

A match is played by two teams, each consisting of not more than nine players, one of whom is the goalkeeper and up to five interchange players. A match may not start if either team consists of fewer than six players. Teams may borrow players from other teams to make up numbers.

Interchange is unlimited; however the following conditions must be observed:

- The Referee has been informed and has acknowledged the interchange.
- Interchange is only done during a stoppage in play (throw in, goal kick, corner, after goal scored or after injury).
- Interchange player must enter the field at the halfway point and only after the player being replaced has left the field.

NB- No infringement or sanction will be given; however the Referee will give an incident report if Law 3 is persistently ignored after instruction is given.

LAW 4 – THE PLAYERS’ EQUIPMENT

A player must not use equipment or wear anything that is dangerous to themselves or another player (including any kind of jewellery).

The basic compulsory equipment of a player comprises the following separate items:

- Club jersey– if undergarments are worn, the colour of the sleeve must be the same main colour as the sleeve of the jersey or shirt,
- Club Shorts – if tights are worn, they must be of the same main colour as the shorts,
- Club Socks,
- Shin guards (covered entirely by socks, made of rubber, plastic or a similar suitable material and provide reasonable degree of protection), and
- Footwear.

Colours

- The two teams must wear colours that distinguish them from each other.
- Each goalkeeper must wear colours that distinguish them from the other players.

In the event of any infringement of this Law the player at fault is instructed by the Referee to leave the field of play to correct his equipment and must have the permission of the Referee before re-entering the field of play.

LAW 5 – THE REFEREE

Each match is controlled by a Referee who has full authority to enforce the Laws of the Match.

The Referee:

- enforces the Laws of the Match,
- controls the match in cooperation with the assistant Referees and, where applicable, with the fourth official,
- ensures that any ball used meets the requirements of Law 2,
- ensures that the players’ equipment meets the requirements of Law 4,
- acts as timekeeper and keeps a record of the match,
- stops, suspends or abandons the match, at his discretion, for any infringements of the Laws,
- stops, suspends or abandons the match because of outside interference of any kind,
- stops the match if, in his opinion, a player is seriously injured and ensures that he is removed from the field of play,
- allows play to continue until the ball is out of play if a player is, in his opinion, only slightly injured,
- ensures that any player bleeding from a wound leaves the field of play. The player may only return on receiving a signal from the Referee, who must be satisfied that the bleeding has stopped.
- allows play to continue when the team against which an offence has been committed will benefit from such an advantage and penalises the original offence if the anticipated advantage does not ensue at that time,
- punishes the more serious offence when a player commits more than one offence at the same time,
- takes disciplinary action against players guilty of cautionable and sending-off offences. The Referee is not obliged to take this action immediately but must do so when the ball next goes out of play.

- acts against team officials who fail to conduct themselves in a responsible manner and may, at his discretion, expel them from the field of play and its immediate surrounds,
- ensures that no unauthorised persons enter the field of play,
- indicates the restart of the match after it has been stopped, and
- completes the online team sheet, which includes Fairplay points and information on any disciplinary action taken against players and/or team officials and any other incidents that occurred before, during or after the match.

The decisions of the Referee regarding facts connected with play, including whether a goal is scored and the result of the match, are final.

The online team sheet must be correctly filled out before the start of the match. A player arriving late may take part in the game once the Referee has been notified and their equipment has been checked. The late player must be added to the online team sheet list before they take the field.

LAW 6 – THE ASSISTANT REFEREE

There are no Assistant Referees allocated to these matches, however the Referee may give permission to a responsible person from each team to indicate when the ball is out.

LAW 7 – THE DURATION OF THE MATCH

The duration of the match is two 25 minute halves with a 5-minute break at halftime. Time is started by the appointed Referee whether the teams are ready or not. There is no time added for stoppages or injuries.

LAW 8 – THE START AND RESTART OF PLAY

A kick-off is a way of starting or restarting play, for the start of the match, after a goal has been scored, the start of the second half.

A goal may be scored directly from the kick-off.

The procedure for a kick off;

- At the start of the match teams must enter the field of play from the halfway mark, in a line after the Referee has signalled them by a whistle to come on.
- A coin is tossed and the team that wins the toss decides which goal it will attack in the first half of the match.
- The other team takes the kick-off to start the match; therefore, the team that wins the toss takes the kick-off to start the second half of the match.
- In the second half of the match, the teams change ends and attack the opposite goals.
- After a team scores a goal, the kick-off is taken by the other team.
- All players must be in their own half of the field of play.
- The opponents of the team taking the kick-off are at least 7 m from the ball until it is in play.
- The ball must be stationary on the centre mark.
- The Referee gives a signal.
- The ball is in play when it is kicked.
- The kicker must not touch the ball again until it has touched another player.

If the player taking the kick-off touches the ball again before it has touched another player, then a 2nd attempt is given. If the same infringement occurs after the 2nd attempt an indirect free kick is awarded to the opposing team to be taken from the position of the ball when the infringement occurred.

In the event of any other infringement of the kick-off procedure, then the kick-off is retaken.

A dropped ball is a method of restarting play when, while the ball is still in play, the Referee is

required to stop play temporarily for any reason not mentioned elsewhere in the Laws of the Game.

The Referee drops the ball at the place where it was located when play was stopped, unless play was stopped inside the goal area, in which case the Referee drops the ball on the goal area line parallel to the goal line at the point nearest to where the ball was located when play was stopped. Play restarts when the ball touches the ground.

If any of the following infringement occurs, the ball is dropped again:

- If it is touched by a player before it makes contact with the ground, or
- If the ball leaves the field of play after it makes contact with the ground, without a player touching it.

LAW 9 – THE BALL IN AND OUT OF PLAY

The ball is out of play when it has wholly crossed the goal line or touch line whether on the ground or in the air or play has been stopped by the Referee.

The ball is in play at all other times, including when it rebounds off a goalpost, crossbar or corner flag post and remains in the field of play or it rebounds off the Referee when they are on the field of play.

LAW 10 – THE METHOD OF SCORING

All players are allowed to play and score within the semi-circle (goal area).

A goal is scored when the whole of the ball passes over the goal line, between the goalposts and under the crossbar, provided that no infringement of the Laws of the Game has been committed previously by the team scoring the goal.

LAW 11 – OFFSIDE

It is not an offence to be in an offside position. Offside becomes an offence when the player in an offside position becomes involved in active play.

Offside will not be penalised in this game, however deliberately placing a player in a position to gain unfair advantage is contrary to the spirit of the game and is discouraged. The Referee can verbally caution the players doing this or penalise such as unsporting behaviour.

LAW 12 – FOULS AND MISCONDUCT

Fouls and misconduct are penalised as follows:

A free kick is awarded to the opposing team if a player commits any of the following offences in a manner considered by the Referee to be careless, reckless or using excessive force:

- kicks or attempts to kick an opponent,
- trips or attempts to trip an opponent,
- jumps at an opponent,
- charges an opponent,
- strikes or attempts to strike an opponent,
- pushes an opponent,
- tackles an opponent,
- holds an opponent,
- spits at an opponent,
- handles the ball deliberately,
- plays in a dangerous manner,
- impedes the progress of an opponent,
- prevents the goalkeeper from releasing the ball from his hands, or
- commits any other offence, not previously mentioned, for which play is stopped to caution or send off a player.

A free kick is awarded to the opposing team if a goalkeeper, commits any of the following offences:

- controls the ball with his hands for more than six seconds before releasing it from his possession,
- touches the ball again with his hands after he has released it from his possession and before it has touched another player,
- touches the ball with his hands after it has been deliberately kicked to him by a team-mate, or
- touches the ball with his hands after he has received it directly from a throw-in taken by a team-mate.

A player is cautioned and shown the yellow card if he commits any of the following seven offences:

- unsporting behaviour,
- dissent by word or action,
- persistent infringement of the Laws of the Rooball,
- delaying the restart of play,
- failure to respect the required distance when play is restarted with a corner kick, free kick or throw-in, or
- deliberately leaving the field of play without the Referee's permission.

An interchange player is cautioned if he commits any of the following three offences:

- unsporting behaviour,
- dissent by word or action, or
- delaying the restart of play.

A player or interchange player is sent off if he commits any of the following seven offences:

- serious foul play,
- violent conduct,
- spitting at an opponent or any other person,
- denying the opposing team a goal or an obvious goal scoring opportunity by deliberately handling the ball (this does not apply to a goalkeeper within his own goal area),
- denying an obvious goal scoring opportunity to an opponent moving towards the player's goal by an offence punishable by a free kick or a penalty kick,
- using offensive, insulting or abusive language and/or gestures, and
- receiving a second caution in the same match

A player or interchange player who has been sent off must leave the vicinity of the field of play and the technical area.

LAW 13 – FREE KICKS

A free kick is awarded for any of the offences outlined in Law 12. All free kicks in this game are indirect.

The Referee indicates an indirect free kick by raising his arm above his head. He maintains his arm in that position until the kick has been taken and the ball has touched another player or goes out of play.

A goal can be scored only if the ball subsequently touches another player before it enters the goal.

If an indirect free kick is kicked directly into the opponents' goal, a goal kick is awarded and if an indirect free kick is kicked directly into the team's own goal, a corner kick is awarded to the opposing team.

The ball must be stationary when the kick is taken, and the kicker must not touch the ball again until it has touched another player.

All opponents must be at least 7 m from the ball until it is in play. When a free kick is taken and the opponent is closer to the ball than the required distance, the kick is retaken.

The ball is in play when it is kicked and moves.

LAW 14 – THE PENALTY KICK

There are no penalty kicks in this game. If a free kick is awarded to the attacking team inside the goal area, the kick must be taken from the edge of the semi-circle. Defending players may stand on their goal line.

LAW 15 – THE THROW IN

A throw-in is a method of restarting play.

A throw-in is awarded to the opponents of the player who last touched the ball when the whole of the ball crosses the touch line, either on the ground or in the air.

A goal cannot be scored directly from a throw-in.

At the moment of delivering the ball, the thrower:

- faces the field of play
- has part of each foot either on the touch line or on the ground outside the touch line
- holds the ball with both hands
- delivers the ball from behind and over his head
- delivers the ball from the point where it left the field of play

All opponents must stand no less than 2 m from the point at which the throw-in is taken.

The ball is in play when it enters the field of play.

After delivering the ball, the thrower must not touch the ball again until it has touched another player.

If, after the ball is in play, the thrower touches the ball again before it has touched another player, a free kick is awarded to the opposing team, to be taken from the place where the infringement occurred.

If an opponent unfairly distracts or impedes the thrower, he is cautioned for unsporting behaviour.

For any other infringement of this Law the throw-in is retaken by the player for a 2nd attempt. Following two foul attempts possession passes to the opposing team.

LAW 16 – THE GOAL KICK

A goal kick is a method of restarting play.

A goal kick is awarded when the whole of the ball passes over the goal line, either on the ground or in the air, having last touched a player of the attacking team, and a goal is not scored in accordance with Law 10.

A goal may be scored directly from a goal kick, but only against the opposing team.

A goal kick is kicked from any point within the goal area by a player of the defending team.

Opponents must remain 7m from the ball until it is in play.

The kicker must not play the ball again until it has touched another player.

If, after the ball is in play, the kicker touches the ball again before it has touched another player, a free kick is awarded to the opposing team.

In the event of any other infringement of this Law, the kick is retaken.

LAW 17 – THE CORNER KICK

A corner kick is a method of restarting play.

A corner kick is awarded when the whole of the ball passes over the goal line, either on the ground or in the air, having last touched a player of the defending team, and a goal is not scored in accordance with Law 10.

A goal may be scored directly from a corner kick, but only against the opposing team.

The ball must be placed inside the corner arc nearest to the point where the ball crossed the goal line.

The corner flag post must not be moved.

Opponents must remain at least 7 m from the corner arc until the ball is in play.

The ball must be kicked by a player of the attacking team.

The ball is in play when it is kicked and moves.

The kicker must not play the ball again until it has touched another player.

If, after the ball is in play, the kicker touches the ball again before it has touched another player, a free kick is awarded to the opposing team.

In the event of any other infringement of this Law, the kick is retaken.

TECHNICAL AREA

Each field should have an area marked out as a technical area for each team either side of the halfway line. It should be at least 2m from sideline.

THE TECHNICAL AREA IS THE DESIGNATED SEATING AREA FOR THE COACH, MANAGER AND PLAYERS. ONLY ONE COACH, ONE MANAGER AND INTERCHANGE PLAYERS WHO HAVE BEEN ENTERED ON THE TEAM SHEET AND CAPABLE OF TAKING THE FIELD ARE ALLOWED IN THE TECHNICAL AREA.

Players who are injured prior to the game and therefore are not participating in the game must not be in the technical area.

Interchange players are to remain seated while in the area unless preparing to take the field. They should warm up behind the technical area. They are to stand only when about to take the field, at which point they will come to the halfway mark.

Coaches and managers are to encourage parents and spectators to sit on the opposite side of the technical area where grounds allow for this or at least 3m from the technical area.

THE COACHES

Coaches are not permitted to enter the field of play unless called on by the Referee. Coaches may walk their team's defensive sideline ONLY after requesting permission from the Referee.

SPECTATORS

- are not to be in the technical area and must be at least 3 metres away from the technical area, and
- are not allowed to stand along the goal line or behind the goals to a distance of 7 metres.

Laws of Rooball Under 6 to Under 8

These rules are for teams playing within the SCCSA and may differ slightly from the rules used by other soccer associations - available for download from the SCCSA website – click [here](#).

GAMES ARE NON-COMPETITIVE (There are no points tables or championships). Children should be given equal time.

TIME OF PLAY: 2 x 20 minutes (5 minutes half time break). Games will start at the advertised time; there is no time added on for stoppages or injuries.

THE PLAYERS: Teams each consist of not more than 6 (six) players and 3 (three) interchange players. One player must be the goalkeeper whose shirt must be readily distinguishable from those of the other players. All players must wear training shoes or soccer boots and shin pads. Only goalkeepers may wear caps. Field players may wear soft brimmed hats. Players may be interchanged (3 players per team) at any time. Interchanging is encouraged to provide all players equal game time.

THE COACHES: Coaches should rotate players so they don't think of themselves as `keepers, defenders or strikers, but as ROO BALL SOCCER PLAYERS. Coaches are permitted on the full field to give his/her players guidance but must stay away from the goal area. The coach or a parent is expected to referee one half of the game. _

TO START: Before the match begins the referee/coach will toss a coin. The team winning the toss chooses ends, the other team kicks off from the centre mark. Opponents must be **6** metres from the ball. From a kick-off, the ball can be played in any direction, and the kicker must not play the ball again until it has touched another player. A goal may be scored directly from a kick-off. After a goal has been scored, the team conceding the goal takes the kick-off to restart play. For the second half of the game the teams change ends. The kick-off is taken by the side that did not start the game.

IN/OUT OF PLAY: The ball is not out of play until the **whole** of the ball has crossed the **whole** of the goal line or touch line. The lines are part of the field of play. The ball is still in play if it rebounds off the goalpost, crossbar, corner flag or referee into the field of play.

THROW-INS: A throw-in is awarded to the opponents of the last player to touch the ball before it wholly crossed the touchline. The thrower must face the field, keep part of both feet on the ground either on or behind the touchline, delivering it from behind his/her head using both hands. A player who has thrown in the ball shall not play it again until it has touched another player. Coaches/Referees may assist players to achieve the correct method. A second attempt is given. Following 2 foul attempts, possession passes to the opposing team. A goal can not be scored direct from a throw-in.

GOAL KICKS: A goal kick is awarded to the defending team when the ball wholly crosses the goal line, other than between the posts, and was last touched by one of the attacking team. Opponents must be **6** metres away from the ball. Only the goalkeeper is permitted to take the goal kick. A goal can be scored directly from a goal kick.

CORNER KICK: A corner is awarded to the attacking team when the ball wholly crosses the goal line, other than between the posts, and was last touched by one of the defending team. The kick is taken at the nearest corner. The corner flag may not be removed. Opponents must be **6** metres away from the ball. A goal can be scored directly from a corner kick.

FREE KICK: A free kick is awarded to the opposing team for foul play, dangerous play, obstruction, handball by a field player or an intentional back pass or throw-in that is handled by the goalkeeper. All free kicks are **indirect** – a goal can **not** be scored unless the ball touches another player before it goes into the goal. All opposing players have to be **6** metres away from the ball. If a free kick is awarded to the attacking team within or close to the semi circle, the free kick is to be taken **6** metres from the semi circle. Defending players may stand on the semi circle if they wish.

OFF SIDE: There is **NO** off side in Roo Ball, but deliberately placing a player in an “off side” position is contrary to the spirit of the game and is to be discouraged.

SCORING: A goal can only be scored from outside of the semi circle. A goal is awarded if the whole of the ball has crossed the whole of the goal line between the posts and under the cross bar.

REFEREE: There are no official referees in these age groups, the coaches or parents do this. The online team sheet must be completed before the start of the game.

LINESPERSONS: A responsible person may be appointed by each team to indicate when the ball is out of play.

GOALKEEPERS: Only the goalkeepers are permitted inside the semi circle. They are allowed to handle the ball within this area, however, a goalkeeper may not pick up the ball with his/her hands from an intentional back pass or throw in from a team mate. This does not apply to an accidental back-pass or a headed back-pass. The goalkeeper must play the ball within 6 seconds of controlling it. If a defending team continually plays the ball inside the semi circle, a free kick should be awarded to the attacking team.

NOTE: A player who is bleeding must leave the field. Nobody is allowed within a **6** metre radius behind, or either side of the goals.

Summer Competition Rules

These rules are available for download from the SCCSA website – click [here](#).

All FIFA rules apply outside of the following modifications:

- Only six (6) players are on the field at any one time.
- Unlimited interchange. (Interchange during play is permitted.)
- A goal can only be scored by kicking the ball from outside the semi-circle.
- If a player is inside the semi-circle he/she has the following options:
 1. Head the ball into the goal, or
 2. Kick or pass the ball outside the semi-circle and then a goal may be scored.
- If a player kicks a goal from inside the semi-circle, then a free kick is awarded to the defending team.
- The goalkeeper may not throw, kick or by any other means, the ball over the halfway line on the full. This is the same from a goal kick, penalty inside the circle or a kick out into play. (This rule is in place because of the small field sizes).
- Should the above rule be broken a free kick to the opposite team on the halfway line close to where the ball landed is awarded.
- No offside rule is in place. However, it is not good sportsmanship to place players up close to the opposing goalkeeper and this should bring on a warning.
- If a goal is scored by a player who would normally be considered to be in an offside position (very obvious) then the goal should be disallowed.
- Red & Yellow cards can still be used for the most serious of incidents.
- 2 x 20-minute halves with a 5-minute break at half time will be played.
- All Free Kicks are indirect, so they must touch another player before scoring a goal.
- No player is allowed to slide at the ball or tackle. If a player goes to ground trying to play the ball or slides, an indirect free kick is given.

No team will take to the field without having completed the online team sheet.

This competition is a means to maintain fitness over the summer months and should be played and refereed with fun in mind at all times.

Complaints Procedure

This procedure is for both internal and external complaints procedures for SCCSA. The internal procedure includes both informal and formal complaint processes.

Internal

Informal Process

1. The complainant makes an initial approach to their choice of one of the following people, who then provides information about whether the behaviour will be accepted as an official complaint and about options for resolution.
They are:
 - A Coach or Manager
 - A colleague
 - An official of the club (as appropriate)
2. The person approached must clarify whether the complainant wants them to act as a mediator or simply wishes to talk the matter through with them. If the complainant does want them to help resolve the complaint, then they will do this at an informal level. In an official role, they must do so in an impartial manner with respect to both parties.
3. There is no written complaint at this stage, however the person approached should note details of the issue and retain for records. Records pertaining to the informal process should be kept until the commencement of the next season.

Formal Process

(i) When a written complaint is sent or received by a club the following actions **MUST** be taken:

1. The sending club shall forward an information copy to SCCSA Admin
2. The receiving club shall return an acknowledgement of receipt
3. The receiving club will have 7 days to respond and if unable to do so within this time frame they must inform the complainant club and SCCSA Admin with a reason why
4. The complaint will be responded to in its entirety
5. If the complainant club is not satisfied with the respondent clubs action/s, then the matter shall be referred to SCCSA Admin for the executive to intervene as follows.

(ii) The typical steps for an investigation consistent with the principles of natural justice are:

1. The complainant is interviewed, and the complaint is documented in writing;
2. The allegations are conveyed to the alleged in full;
3. The alleged is given the opportunity to respond;
4. If there is a dispute over the facts, statements from witnesses and other relevant evidence are gathered;
5. A finding is made as to whether the complaint has substance; and
6. A report documenting the investigation process, the evidence, the finding and the recommended outcome/s is submitted to the decision-maker. The decision-maker for Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association shall be the President.

Both parties are entitled to support through this process from their chosen support person/adviser.

If the report is endorsed by the decision-maker, the organisation then carries out the recommendations of the report. These may include such actions as an apology, counselling, a fine, dismissal or withdrawal of official duties.

Both the complainant and the respondent have the right to appeal against the findings of the investigator/panel or against the resulting recommended action if they have any concerns about procedure, bias or fairness. Appeals are handled by an appeal panel made up of members other than those who conducted the original investigation.

The appeal body can:

1. Uphold the decision of the investigator/panel,
2. Reverse the decision of the investigator/panel, and/or
3. Modify any of the investigator/panel's recommendations for disciplinary action or remedial measures.

External

A complainant may be dissatisfied with the outcome of complaint procedures within Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association as a whole or may not wish to use procedures internal to the Association at all because of a lack of confidence in the Association. In certain cases, the complainant can utilise complaint procedures external to Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association.

For instance, harassment of various kinds is unlawful under state and federal anti-discrimination laws in Australia, and complaints under these laws are dealt with by state and federal antidiscrimination bodies.

A person experiencing harassment can seek initial advice from one of these bodies without being obliged to make a complaint. If that body advises that the conduct being experienced appears to be a type of harassment that comes within its jurisdiction, the harassed person then makes the decision as to whether or not to lodge a formal complaint to the body.

Once a complaint is received, an investigation will be undertaken. If there appears to be a case that unlawful harassment has occurred, there will usually be an attempt to conciliate the complaint confidentially first. If this fails, or is inappropriate, the matter may proceed to a formal public hearing, where a finding will be made as to whether harassment occurred. Various remedies may then be prescribed by the tribunal. These can include financial compensation for such things as distress, lost earnings or medical and counselling expenses incurred by the complainant.

It should be noted that an anti-discrimination body can decline to investigate a complaint or dismiss a complaint at any point in the investigation, conciliation or public hearing stages.

Qualifications/Training

A person, acting on behalf of Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association as an official Complaints Officer must demonstrate an understanding and/or experience to carry out the role, or shall be offered appropriate training to fulfil the role and responsibilities.



FORMAL COMPLAINT FORM

This form is not for issues covered under our Child Protection Policy

<p>Complainant's Details</p> <p>Role in Soccer (please circle)</p>	<p>Name: Contact Number: Email Address: Club:</p> <p>Administrator Club Official Match Official Player Spectator Team Official Parent Other.....</p>
<p>Respondent's Details</p> <p>Role in Soccer (please circle)</p>	<p>Name: Club:</p> <p>Administrator Club Official Match Official Player Spectator Team Official Parent Other.....</p>
<p>Nature of Complaint (can circle more than one)</p>	<p>Harassment Bullying Physical Abuse Verbal Abuse Intimate relations Victimisation Discrimination Gender Disability Sexuality Race / Ethnicity Religion Other.....</p>
<p>Details of alleged complaint</p>	<p>Date: Time: Location: Details:</p>

I have read SCCSA's Complaints Procedure and understand that by completing this Form, the Respondent will be given a copy of this complaint, for them to respond to the allegations.

Name _____

Signature _____ Date ___/___/___

Extreme Weather Policy

Environmental factors regularly affect the playing of Soccer on the Sunshine Coast. While environmental factors will not usually influence whether a soccer game should commence or continue to be played, occasionally extremely adverse weather conditions may give rise to a need to assess whether players and/or officials are in environmental danger. This policy sets out the approach that Sunshine Coast Churches Soccer Association and SCCSA Clubs should adopt when assessing extreme weather conditions.

1. Hot Weather

With higher temperatures now occurring more frequently, consideration must be given to the effects of heat and humidity on elite and amateur athletes and particularly children involved in soccer activities.

1.1 Hot Weather Guidelines

The following is provided in accordance with information provided by Sports Medicine Australia (SMA). That information is referred to below under "References and Links" and should be read in conjunction with this policy.

During summer and warmer months, clubs and competition organisers are required to:

- A. Refer to the SMA Hot Weather Guidelines,
- B. Provide a copy of the SMA Beat the Heat Fact Sheet to players, parents and team officials,
- C. Provide information in relation to sun safety,
- D. Schedule games and training for cooler parts of the day or evening,
- E. Check weather forecasts the day before and closely monitor local weather conditions,
- F. Whenever available, use a weather gauge, Wet Bulb Globe Thermometer (WBGT) or Heat Stress Meter to monitor player conditions,
- G. Ensure regular hydration (water/fluid intake) by players, officials and other participants,
- H. Monitor the wellbeing of players, officials, volunteers and staff, and
- I. Increase breaks during games and training to allow rest in shade and fluid intake - referees should consider allowing at least a 2 minute drinks break in each half when ambient temperatures exceed 32°C.

1.2 Recommended Temperatures for Cancellation

The following temperatures are the maximum cancellation temperature for games, training and other events (trial games, selection trials, clinics or any physical activities).

Adults (16 years and older)- games are to be cancelled or postponed at ambient temperature of 37 degrees Celsius or above.

Children (Under 16 year old)- games are to be cancelled or postponed at ambient temperature of 34 degrees Celsius or above.

Cancellation at lower temperatures may be necessary depending on factors such as: humidity, local conditions including radiant heat from synthetic surfaces and lack of ventilation at indoor centres; player wellbeing; and player acclimatisation.

Note that young children are especially at risk in the heat and should not be forced to continue playing or training if they appear distressed or complain of feeling unwell.

1.3 Reference Material

SMA Hot Weather Guideline- <http://sma.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2009/05/hot-weather-guidelines-web-download-doc-2007.pdf>

Beat the Heat Fact Sheet- <http://sma.org.au/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/beat-the-heat-2011.pdf>

2. Lightning

In Australia lightning accounts for 5 to 10 deaths and well over 100 injuries every year. A large percentage of strike victims survive but many suffer from severe lifelong injury and disability. Statistics show that approximately 25% of people killed by lightning are playing sport.

No lightning safety plan or policy will provide 100% guaranteed total safety, but every effort can be made to ensure that all preventative steps are taken.

2.1 Lightning Procedures

1. Nominate a person to be responsible for monitoring the weather conditions in your area. This may be the association secretary, club secretary or other nominated person,
2. Monitor the weather both the day before, and the day of, the match,
3. If thunderstorms occur, use the '30-30' rule to determine the distance of the storm and take appropriate action to suspend play if less than 10km away,
4. Play can resume when the '30-30' rule has been satisfied,
5. Where practicable, ensure that all present are relocated, if necessary, to a safe shelter,
6. Should a person be struck by lightning, ensure that immediate action is taken; and
7. Provide warnings to all participants of potential dangers caused by lightning and indicate safety guidelines clearly.

2.2 30-30' rule

If it takes less than 30 seconds to hear thunder after seeing the flash, lightning is near enough to pose a threat; after the storm ends, wait 30 minutes before resuming outdoor activities. This may mean games are delayed, cancelled or are rescheduled.